

ANALYSIS OF SPORT CLUBS IN CATALONIA FROM A GENDER PERSPECTIVE



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21st Annual Congress of the ECSS
Crossing Borders Through Sport Science

6th-9th July 2016

Vienna (Austria)

INTRODUCTION

The Catalan Sports Observatory (OCE) has developed, in the last few months, a study aiming to describe the current situation of sport clubs and associations in Catalonia, territory with the highest number of clubs in Spain and analyze the evolution from 2009 to 2015 from a gender perspective.

The specific objectives were to analyze the possible differential situation existing between both sexes, from two points of view: from the partners and associates and from the structure of human resources.

METHODS

Sample: 474 sport clubs and associations of Catalonia, (5.7% of the total) (N=8.285). The confidence interval was 95% and a margin of error of $\pm 4.35\%$. The data was collected through an online survey of 26 closed questions and a final open question.

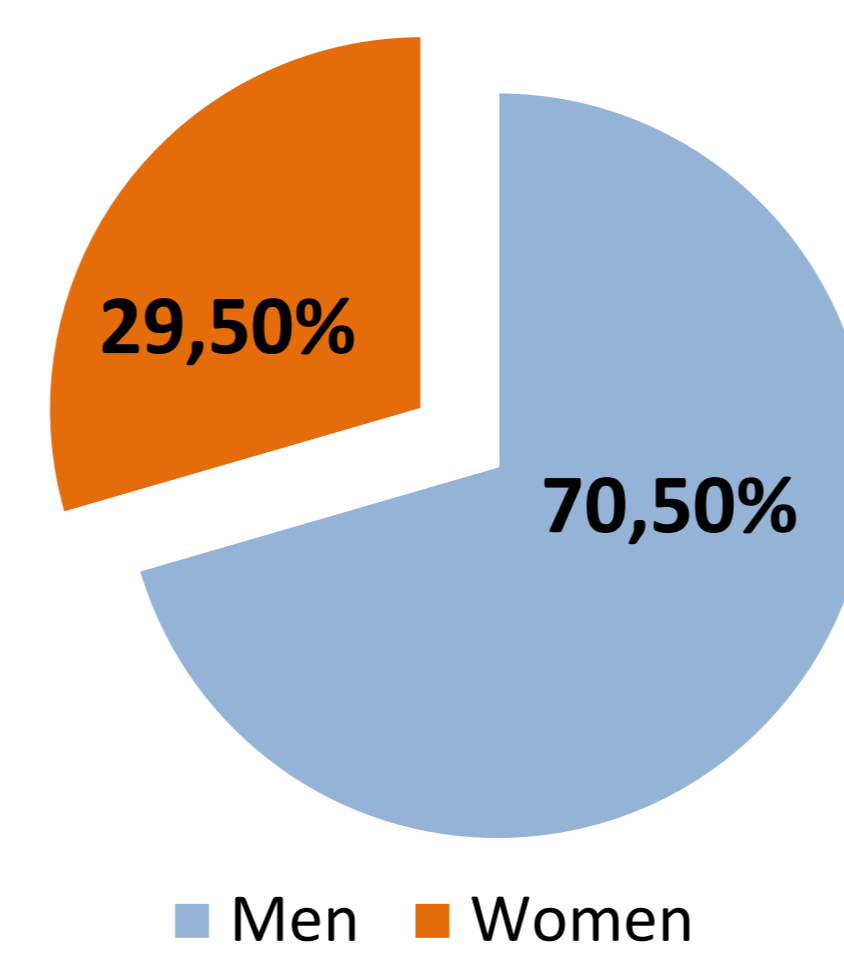
RESULTS

People associated to a club



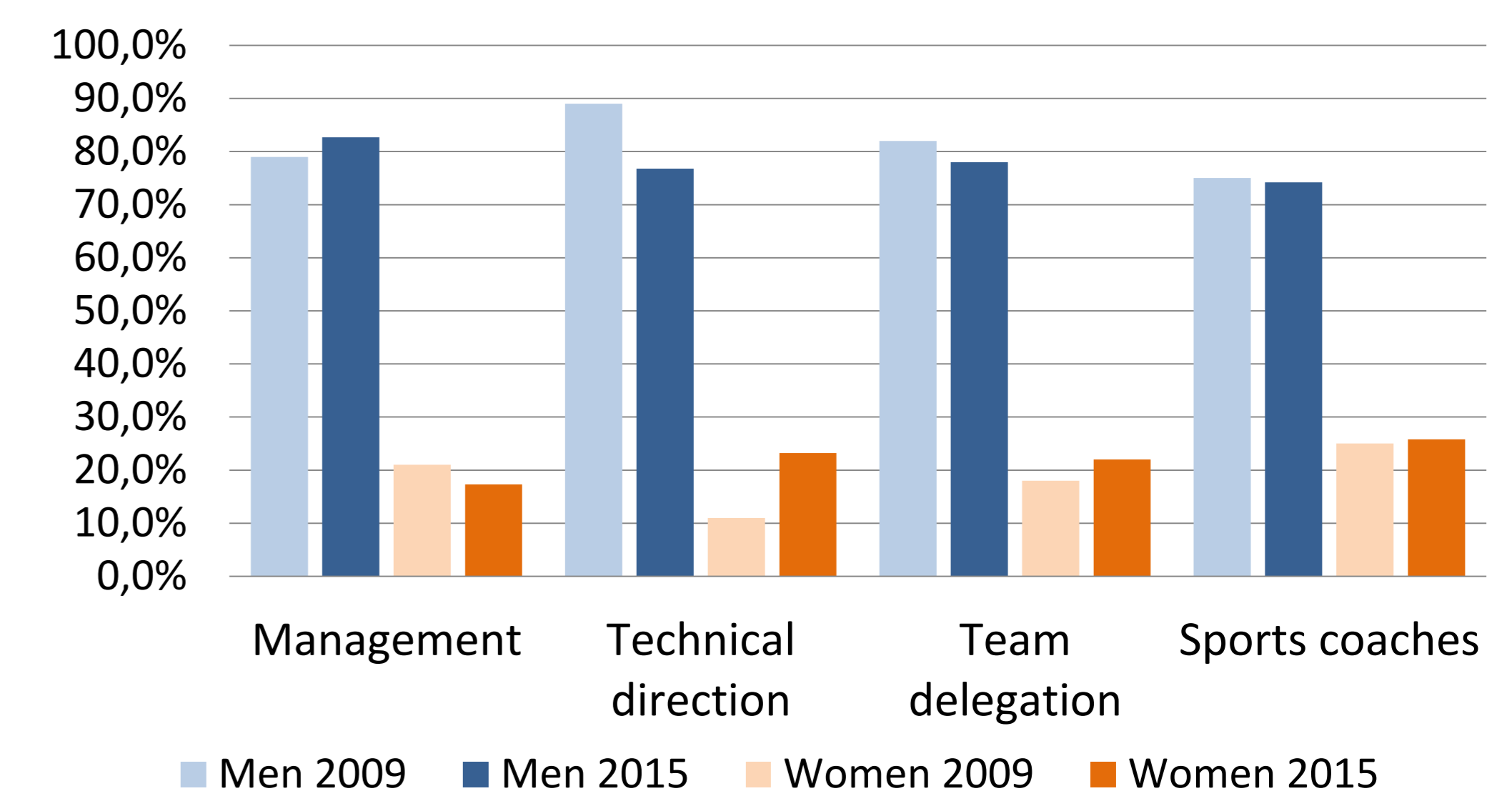
The majority of people associated to a club are men. The most significant variation since 2009 is the 10.7% increase in women membership in clubs with 101 to 300 members.

Sport Federate Licenses in 2015



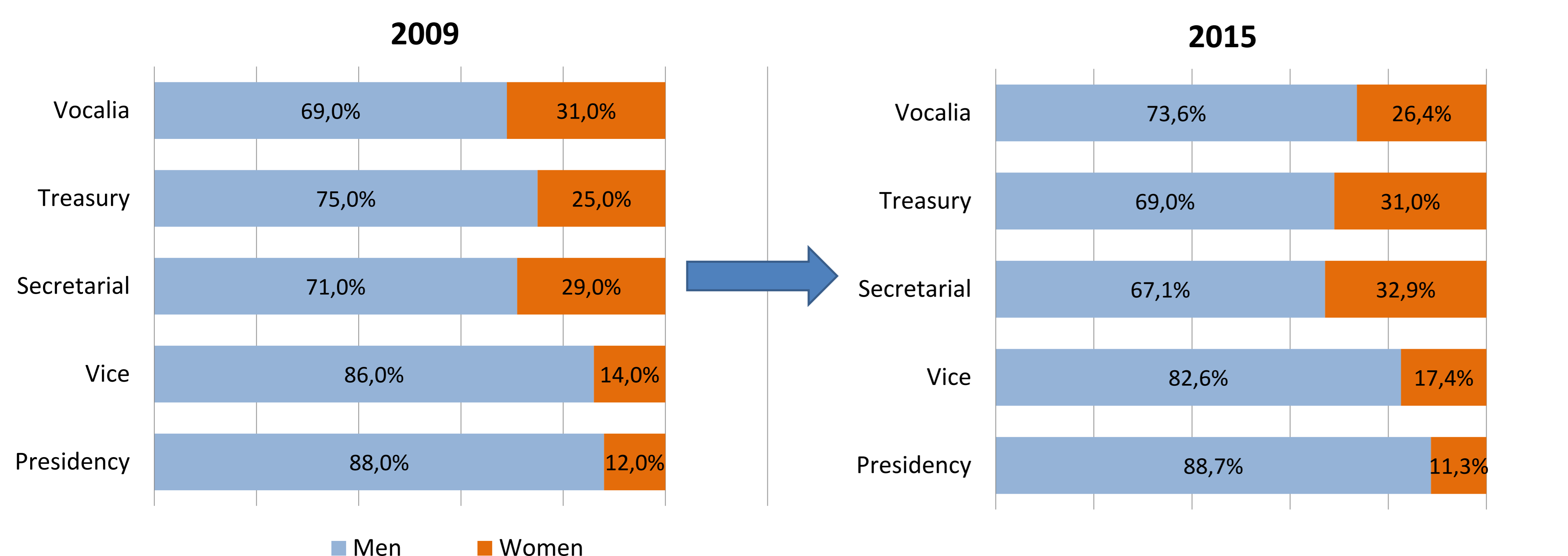
Independently from the size of the club, the majority belong to men (70.5% men, 29.5% women). The figures in 2009 were very similar.

Staff of the clubs



All the figures have increased for women except in management positions, the most important increase being in the area of technical direction.

Composition of the boards of directors



Results show that men occupy most of the positions. A clear example can be found in presidential positions, were only 11.3% are women. The figures between 2009 and 2015 show the same tendency, the variations are more visible in treasury areas where the presence of women has increased 6% with a total of 31%. Where we find more women is in secretarial positions where there is a total of 32.9% (3.9% more than in 2009).

CONCLUSIONS

In this study we can see that men predominate in the 4 indicators studied, being presidential positions where there is a greater gender difference (88.7% men versus 11.3% women).

The trend remains steady since 2009 but we can observe that in some areas the presence of women is gradually increasing. The most remarkable increase in all the areas studied is the 12.2% increase in women that are in the area of technical direction of a club.

REFERENCES

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